# **Vietnam Forest Facts and Figures**

39.7% —or about 12,931,000 hectares—of Viet Nam is forested. Of this, 0.7% —or roughly 85,000 hectares—is classified as primary forest, the most biodiverse form of forest.

Change in Forest Cover: Between 1990 and 2000, Viet Nam gained an average of 236,200 hectares of forest per year. The amounts to an average annual reforestation rate of 2.52%. Between 2000 and 2005, the rate of forest change decreased by 18.5% to 2.06% per annum. In total, between 1990 and 2005, Viet Nam gained 38.1% of its forest cover, or around 3,568,000 hectares. Viet Nam lost -299,000 hectares—1—of its primary forest cover during that time. Deforestation rates of primary cover have decreased 77.9% since the close of the 1990s. Measuring the total rate of habitat conversion (defined as change in forest area plus change in woodland area minus net plantation expansion) for the 1990-2005 interval, Viet Nam gained 48.8% of its forest and woodland habitat.

Biodiversity and Protected Areas: Viet Nam has some 1534 known species of amphibians, birds, mammals and reptiles according to figures from the World Conservation Monitoring Centre. Of these, 8.2% are endemic, meaning they exist in no other country, and 7.9% are threatened. Viet Nam is home to at least 10500 species of vascular plants, of which 12.0% are endemic. 3.4% of Viet Nam is protected under IUCN categories I-V.

Viet Nam:	Forest Cover,	2005
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Total Land Area (ha)	32,549,000
Total Forest Area (ha)	12,931,000
Percent Forest Cover	39.73%
Primary Forest Cover (ha)	85,000
Primary Forest, % total forest	0.66%
Primary Forest, % total land	0.26%
Other wooded land (ha)	2,259,000

### Viet Nam : Forest types

Tropical (% forest area)	98%
Subtropical (% forest area)	2%
Temperate (% forest area)	0%
Boreal/polar (% forest area)	0%

### Viet Nam: Breakdown of forest types, 2005

Primary forest (ha   %)	85,000	0.7%	
Modified natural (ha   %)	10,151,000	78.5%	
Semi-natural (ha   %)	-	-	
Production plantation (ha   %)	1,792,000	13.9%	
Production plantation (ha   %)	903,000	7.0%	

TOTAL FOREST COVER		
TOTAL FOREST COVER		0.262.000
Forest 1990 (ha)	9,363,000	
Forest 2000 (ha)	11,725,000	
Forest 2005 (ha)		2,931,000
Annual Change 1990-2000 (ha   %)	236,200	2.52%
Annual Change 2000-2005 (ha   %)	241,200	2.06%
Total Change 1990-2005 (ha   %)	3,568,000	38.11%
Change in rate (%)		-18.45%
PRIMARY FOREST COVER		
Primary 1990 (ha)		384,000
Primary 2000 (ha)		187,000
Primary 2005 (ha)	(+0 =00)	85,000
Annual Change 1990-2000 (ha   %)	(19,700)	-5.13%
Annual Change 2000-2005 (ha   %)	(20,400)	
Total Change 1990-2005 (ha   %)	(299,000)	-77.86%
Change in rate (%)		112.64%
OTHER WOODED LAND		
Other 1990 (ha)		-
Other 2000 (ha)		1,816,000
Other 2005 (ha)		2,259,000
Annual Change 1990-2000 (ha   %)	181,600	#DIV/0!
Annual Change 2000-2005 (ha   %)	88,600	
Total Change 1990-2005 (ha   %)	2,259,000	#DIV/0!
Change in rate (%)		#DIV/0!
PLANTATIONS		
Other 1990 (ha)		967,000
Other 2000 (ha)		2,050,000
Other 2005 (ha)		2,695,000
Annual Change 1990-2000 (ha   %)	108,300	11.20%
Annual Change 2000-2005 (ha   %)	129,000	6.29%
Total Change 1990-2005 (ha   %)	1,728,000	178.70%
Change in rate (%)		-43.81%
TOTAL DEGRADATION/CONSERVSIC Forest area+Wooded Area-Plantatic		
		0.206.000
Other 1990 (ha)		8,396,000
Other 2000 (ha)		1,491,000
Other 2005 (ha)		2,495,000
Annual Change 1990-2000 (ha   %)	309,500	3.69%
Annual Change 2000-2005 (ha   %)	200,800	1.75%
Total Change 1990-2005 (ha   %)	4,099,000	48.82%
Change in rate (%)		-52.60%

Primary or "old-growth" vegetation	
Primary Forest 2005 (ha)	85,000
Other primary wooded land 2005 (ha)	-
Other primary wooded land 2005 (ha)	85,000
Undisturbed vegetation 2005 (% land area)	0.26%

Viet Nam: Forest designation

Ownership of forest land, 2000	
Public (%)	56.1%
Private (%)	17.7%
Other (%)	26.1%
Ownership of other wooded land	, 2000
Public (%)	-
Private (%)	-
Other (%)	-
Designated functions of forest – p	orimary function 2005
Production (%)	39.8%
Protection (%)	45.5%
Conservation (%)	14.7%
Social Services (%)	-
Multiple Services (%)	-
None of Unknown (%)	_

**Viet Nam: Protected areas** 

Protected areas ("Special Use Forests")	126
, ,	
Biosphere reserves, 2005	4
Wetlands of international importance (Ramsar sites),	1
World Heritage sites, 2004	5
Protected Areas: IUCN categories I-V, percent of	3.4%
Protected Areas: IUCN categories Ia, Ib, and II,	0.80%
Protected Areas: IUCN categories III, IV, and V,	2.51%
Protected Areas: IUCN categories VI and other,	0.00%

Viet Nam: Biodiversity - Wildlife

Amphibians

total species 132 endemic species 37

threatened species	15
Birds	
total species	837
endemic species	29
threatened species	41
Mammals	
total species	279
endemic species	8
threatened species	41
Reptiles	
total species	286
endemic species	52
threatened species	24
Wildlife diversity	
total species	1534
endemic species	126
threatened species	121

Viet Nam: Biodiversity - Plants

Below-ground biomass (M t)

Dead wood (M t)

Biomass stock in forest, 2005 Above-ground biomass (M t)	1,893	3
Viet Nam: Value of forests		_
Species threatened	145	
Number of Threatened Plant Species, 2004		
Number endemic	1260	
Total	10500	
Vascular Plant Species, 2004		
Vulnerable	85	
Endangered	36	
Critically Endangered	25	
Number of tree species in IUCN red list		
Native tree species	800	
Number of Native tree species		
3 most common species	18.50%	
Growing stock composition		
3 most common species	7.20%	
Growing stock composition		

455

258

Total (M t)	2,606
Carbon stock in forest, 2005	
Carbon in above-ground biomass (M t)	947
Carbon in below-ground biomass (M t)	227
Carbon in dead wood (M t)	129
Carbon in litter (M t)	27
Soil carbon (M t)	623
Change in growing stock 1990 - 2005	
Annual change rate (1000 cubic m/yr)	
1990-2000	13,570
2000-2005	11,183
Growing stock per hectare 1990 - 2005	
Annual change rate ( cubic m/ha per yr)	
1990-2000	-0.26
2000-2005	-0.4
Wood removal 2005	
Industrial roundwood (1000 cubic m)	2,500
Wood fuel (1000 cubic m)	21,235
Total wood removal 2005 (1000 cubic m)	23,735
Total wood removal 2005 (% of growing	3
Plant products 2005	
Food (t)	1,337
Fodder (t)	-
Raw material for medicine and aromatic	4,343
Raw material for colorants and dyes (t)	-
Raw material for utensils, handicrafts &	23
Ornamental plants (t)	-
Exudates (t)	318,000
Other plant products (t)	-
Animal products 2005	
Living animals (units)	-
Hides, skins and trophies (units)	-
Wild honey and bee-wax (t)	56
Bush meat (t)	-
Raw material for medicine and aromatic	-
Raw material for colorants and dyes (t)	-
Other edible animal products (t)	-
Other non-edible animal products (t)	-
Industrial roundwood (US\$)	\$91,579,000
Wood fuel (US\$)	\$77,788,000
Non-wood forest products (US\$)	\$289,507,000
Total value (US\$)	\$458,874,000

Employment in forestry 2000

Total people employed 210,000

Viet Nam: Production, trade and consumption of forest products,

Woodfuel ('000 cubic m), 2002	
Production	26,547
Imports	-
Exports	0
Consumption	26,547
Industrial roundwood ('000 cub	ic m), 2002
Production	4,183
Imports	54
Exports	15
Consumption	4,222
Sawnwood ('000 cubic m), 2002	2
Production	2,950
Imports	207
Exports	15
Consumption	3,142
Wood-based panels ('000 cubic	m), 2002
Production	40
Imports	42
Exports	9
Consumption	73
Pulp for paper ('000 metric tons	s), 2002
Production	314
Imports	33
Exports	0
Consumption	347
Paper and paperboard ('000 me	etric tons), 2002
Production	384
Imports	140
Exports	2
Consumption	522

Vietnam: Environment

Environment - current issues

Logging and slash-and-burn agricultural practices contribute to deforestation and soil degradation; water pollution and overfishing threaten marine life populations; groundwater contamination limits potable water supply; growing urban industrialization and population migration are rapidly degrading environment in Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City

Environment - international agreements

Party to: Biodiversity, Climate Change, Climate Change-Kyoto Protocol, Desertification, Endangered Species, Environmental Modification, Hazardous Wastes, Law of the Sea,

Ozone Layer Protection, Ship Pollution, Wetlands

signed, but not ratified: none of the selected agreements

**Natural hazards** 

Occasional typhoons (May to January) with extensive flooding, especially in the Mekong

River delta

Vietnam: Land use / Resources

arable land: 19.97%

Land use (%) permanent crops: 5.95%

other: 74.08% (2001)

Natural

phosphates, coal, manganese, bauxite, chromate, offshore oil and gas deposits, forests,

resources hydropower

Vietnam: Economy

Vietnam is a densely-populated, developing country that in the last 30 years has had to recover from the ravages of war, the loss of financial support from the old Soviet Bloc, and the rigidities of a centrally-planned economy. Substantial progress was achieved from 1986 to 1997 in moving forward from an extremely low level of development and significantly reducing poverty. Growth averaged around 9% per year from 1993 to 1997. The 1997 Asian financial crisis highlighted the problems in the Vietnamese economy and temporarily allowed opponents of reform to slow progress towards a market-oriented economy. GDP growth of 8.5% in 1997 fell to 6% in 1998 and 5% in 1999. Growth then rose to 7% in 2000-05 even against the background of global recession. Since 2001, however, Vietnamese authorities have reaffirmed their commitment to economic liberalization and international integration. They have moved to implement the structural reforms needed to modernize the economy and to produce more competitive, export-driven industries. However, equitization of state-owned enterprises and reduction in the proportion of non-performing loans has fallen behind schedule. Vietnam's membership in the ASEAN Free Trade Area (AFTA) and entry into force of the US-Vietnam Bilateral Trade in December 2001 have led

Economy - overview:

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GDP - per capita

\$3,000 (2005 est.)

GDP - real

7.6% (2005 est.)

growth rate (%)
Agriculture -

paddy rice, coffee, fish and seafood, rubber, cotton, tea, pepper, soybeans, cashews, sugar cane, peanuts, bananas, poultry

products GDP -

composition by sector (%)

agriculture: 21%, industry: 40.9%, services: 38.1% (2005 est.)

Industries

food processing, garments, shoes, machine-building, mining, cement, chemical fertilizer, glass, tires, oil, coal, steel, paper

Economic aid - recipient

\$2.8 billion in credits and grants pledged by international donors for 2000 (2004)

Debt - external

\$19.17 billion (2005 est.)

**Population** 

below poverty

28.9% (2002 est.)

line (%)

Labor force - by

occupation (%) agriculture 63%, industry and services 37% (2000 est.)

#### **Vietnam: Population / Demographics**

**Population (July 2005)** 83,535,576

Population growth rate (%)

(2005)

1.04%

Population density

(people/sq km) (2005)

256.7

Median age (years)

total: 25.51 years

Total fertility rate (children

born/woman)

1.94 (2005 est.)

Ethnic groups (%)

 $\label{eq:Kinh} \text{Kinh (Viet) 86.2\%, Tay 1.9\%, Thai 1.7\%, Muong 1.5\%, Khome 1.4\%, Hoa 1.1\%,}$ 

Nun 1.1%, Hmong 1%, others 4.1% (1999 census)

## **Largest Cities in Vietnam**

Cities and urban areas in Vietnam with population over 100,000 All figures are estimates for 2002.

City	Country	<b>City Population</b>	<b>Urban Area Population</b>
Ho Chi Minh City (Saigon)	Vietnam	3378500	5728900
Hanoi	Vietnam	1372800	2503000
Haiphong	Vietnam	572100	1792400
Danang	Vietnam	446000	446000
Bien Hoa	Vietnam	365500	365500
Hue	Vietnam	266800	266800
Nha Trang	Vietnam	265300	265300
Can Tho	Vietnam	248300	248300
Qui Nhon	Vietnam	196200	196200
Rach Gia	Vietnam	194900	194900
Nam Dinh	Vietnam	188800	188800
Vung Tau	Vietnam	184100	184100
Long Xuyen	Vietnam	153000	153000
Hong Gai	Vietnam	142800	142800
Phan Thiet	Vietnam	141500	141500
Cam Ranh	Vietnam	141200	141200
Cam Pha	Vietnam	139700	139700
Buon Me Thuot	Vietnam	133400	133400
Thai Nguyen	Vietnam	131900	131900
Da Lat	Vietnam	125000	125000