



SEMI-ANNUAL NATIONAL PROGRAMME PROGRESS REPORT

Country	Viet Nam
Title:	UN-REDD Viet Nam Programme
Reporting Period	01 st January – 30 th June 2010
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I. PURPOSE

1.1. Programme's objectives:

The long-term objective of the UN-REDD Viet Nam Programme is to assist the Government of Viet Nam in developing an effective REDD in Viet Nam and to contribute to reduction of greenhouse gas emission and climate change.

The specific objective of the Programme is to strengthen institutional and technical capacity of relevant organizations of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (MARD) at Central and local levels to ensure that by the end of 2012 Viet Nam is REDD-ready and able to contribute to reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degradation.

The success of UN-REDD Programme in Viet Nam will contribute to the following One UN Plan Outcome and outputs:

Outcome 3: Economic growth takes into account environmental protection and rational use of natural resources for poverty reduction under the following specific outputs:

- Output 3.1: Capacities and systems for enhanced oversight by national and local legislative bodies on the implementation of the Strategic Orientation on Sustainable Development (SD), National Strategy on Environmental Protection and various other national environmental laws and policies.
- Output 3.2: Sustainable development and environmental legal frameworks, strategies, policies and long-term plans developed with broad participation of local people and stakeholders and in line with international environmental conventions.

- Output 3.3: Improved institutional mechanisms and capacities for action planning and implementation to ensure that environmental concerns are integrated with poverty reduction and economic growth.

1.2. Programme Component

The Programme' interventions are designed in three components:

- Component 1: Improve technical and institutional capacity for national coordination to manage REDD activities in Viet Nam.
- Component 2: Improve Capacity to manage REDD and provide other Payment for Ecological Services at district-level through sustainable development planning and implementation.
- Component 3: Establish cooperation on information and experiences sharing on REDD implementation in the Lower Mekong Basin, especially among the four countries selected under the FCPF (Viet Nam, Lao PDR, Cambodia and Thailand).

1.3. Implementation arrangements

National Implementing Partner: The Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (MARD) was selected as the National Implementing Partner of this Programme, following the Prime Minister's approval of the Programme Document in 20th July 2009. The MARD carries overall accountability for the Programme to the Government of Viet Nam and to the UN agencies.

The UN partners: The MARD is partner of the three UN Agencies namely: i) the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO); ii) the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and iii) the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).

II. RESOURCES

Total resources for the entire project duration

Outcomes	FAO (\$)	UNDP(\$)	UNEP(\$)	Total
1. Improved technical and institutional	658,200	634,700	61,000	1,353,900
capacity for national coordination to manage				
REDD activities				
2. Improved Capacity to manage REDD and	598,000	1,290,800	119,200	2,008,000
provide other Payment for Ecological				
Services at district-level through sustainable				
development planning and implementation				
3. Improved knowledge of approaches to	324,000	84,900	0	408,900
reduce regional displacement of emissions				
Programme management		350,000		350,000
Indirect Support Cost (7%)	110,614	140,728	12,614	263,956
Total Resources	1,690,814	2,501,128	192,814	4,384,756

III. RESULTS

The following sections provide information on the Programme results in the reporting period from the 1st January to 30th June 2010.

3.1. Assessment of the Programme during the reporting period

3.1.1. Overall assessment

In the first half of the year, activities gradually commenced with delays in some areas. Outcome 3 in particular was delayed because the Technical Specialist only commenced duties March 2010 and the restructuring at MARD also affected the unit responsible for the UN-REDD Programme.

The actual expenditure was relatively slow compared to the set targets mainly because some of the outputs fall into the third and fourth quarter. Below are highlights of progress on outcomes.

Outcome 1:

Activity 1.1.3: National REDD Network

The National REDD Network met twice in February and early July. The priority actions of the Network includes Designing the National REDD Strategy and Roadmap for implementation; Forest Inventory / Assessment, REL, MRV, database management; Piloting REDD benefit-sharing in accordance with formulation of decree on PFES and related documents; Capacity building, information and experience sharing, promotion of stakeholder participation; Study and share information on carbon market; Integration of forest governance with REDD and FLEGT; and Participation in regional and international REDD-related Networks.

5 Sub technical working groups have been proposed in the thematic areas of REL/ MRV; governance; benefit distribution; local implementation; capacity building.

The Vietnam National REDD Network meetings have also discussed operations of national REDD institutions including development of common work plan; coordination mechanism; information sharing; and secretariat's roles and functions.

Besides, most of the REDD related activities have been shared among the Network members including updating REDD developments and key activities in Viet Nam, on Sub-Technical Working groups especially on MRV, UNREDD-related FPIC activities, and FORMIS architecture development and introduction of Viet Nam REDD website.

In addition to the two Plenary National REDD Network meetings and Sub-technical working groups meetings, there have been discussions on the coordination among government agencies, Civil Society Organizations (CSOs), Non Governmental Organizations (NGOs), academia and the donor community in the REDD implementation. Under Output 1.3 Development of the National REDD Programme, a number of consultants have been contracted to deal with coordination between the aforementioned stakeholders and the implementation roadmap, among other issues (these consultants will commence their duties as of 15 July).

Under Output 1.2, discussions have also been held about related activities, such as the National Forest Inventory, FLEGT process, MRV, information and experience sharing (e.g. Winrock MRV/REL workshop).

Lastly, an informal standing relationship with the National NGO Climate Change Network has been established.

Output 1.1.5: Participation in International Meeting and Conference

The 4th UN-REDD Policy Board Meeting in Nairobi, Kenya (18-19 March, 2010):

The National Programme Director and REDD Team Leader participated in the meeting briefly and reported on the progress and preliminary results of the country programme as well as the next steps. Vietnam has complimented the work of the participating UN agencies, the UN-REDD Secretariats and REDD countries. Vietnam has supported the approval of additional funding allocation for global activities of 3 UN agencies and the Secretariat and asked 3 UN agencies for speeding up the development of detailed manuals for the REDD implementation. Vietnam has also encouraged the 3 UN agencies to adopt a harmonized management approach for the country program. In addition, Vietnam has urged two international REDD Initiatives: FCPF and UN-REDD to work more closely together in delivering the REDD support for developing countries. The UN-REDD Secretariat and the FCPF Management Team should develop a common template for both JPD and R-PP and UN-REDD Policy Board Meeting and FCPF Participants' Committee Meeting should be held back to back to save time. costs and enhancement of coordination. Vietnam has provided comments on draft JPDs of Bolivia, the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) and Zambia, and supported for approvals of these proposals. Viet Nam has also urged the donors to contribute additional support in order to implement the pilot REDD payment schemes and to allow more developing countries to join the UN-REDD Programme. Viet Nam also supports the development of regional cooperation in the lower Mekong Basin and in ASEAN.

Oslo Climate and Forests Conference (27 May, 2010)

A delegation led by Vice Minister of Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, Chairman or UN-REDD Programme Executive Board, Hua Duc Nhi has participated in and delivered a speech at this importance conference. Viet Nam has strongly supported to the establishment of the Interim REDD+ Partnership. During the conference, the delegation also met with the Norwegian Minister of the Environment and International Development, the Norwegian Ambassador on Climate change and officials from Ministry of the Environment to discuss further cooperation and support from Norway for piloting REDD in Vietnam as well as meetings with some other delegations from Japan and Finland.

Activity 1.1.6. REDD Website Development

The website of REDD in Viet Nam was successfully developed by the end of June and live test was launched. People can retrieve information on REDD updates including REDD related project/programme activities on web address: <u>http://www.vietnam-redd.org</u>.

Output 1.2 – REL/RL Development

With respect to REL/RL development, collaboration with the Japanese and Finnish supported activities has continued. These externally supported activities have freed up funds originally allocated under this Output, which are now partially being reallocated to implement initial activities on MRV (other elements of this work is planned for implementation under the FAO-Finnish project "NFA").

Four Vietnamese staff participated in an FAO/GEO technical workshop in Mexico on MRV establishment with remote sensing technology in late June. (A report on participants learning from the workshop was submitted upon completion of the trainings and a presentation was shared with the sub-technical working group on MRV in June.)

Three Vietnamese staff and Technical Specialist of the Project Management Unit (PMU) will participate in the GOFC-GOLD technical REDD Sourcebook workshop in Victoria, Canada coming up in early July.

Some pending issues relating to this output include: Ecological stratification of the Vietnamese territory for REDD purposes (pending government review for integration and coordination with the national forest inventory process); development of training materials on REL/RL methodology (this was held pending methodological development by JICA assisted project, will now be implemented in August); analysis of drivers of deforestation (pending results from consultancy work and consultative dialogue on FCPF R-PP); procurement of satellite images (pending submission of full specification from PMU).

The following revisions are being proposed to the Programme Executive Board (PEB):

Output 1.2 "RELs/RL development and MRV requirements integrated into the national forest inventory and monitoring system"; and Annual output targets for 1.2: "<Dec 2010> A core group of national experts are trained on RELs/RL methodology"; and "<Sept 2010> The proposal on national forest inventory and monitoring system submitted to the Government of Viet Nam reflects MRV requirements"

Output 1.3 – Framework National REDD Strategy

The reference study on existing international initiatives on REDD governance has been completed during the 1st quarter (the report has been posted on Viet Nam REDD website at <u>http://www.vietnam-redd.org</u>). The results of this study will be integrated into the strategy document being prepared.

A team of consultants have been contracted to set up the study. Furthermore, five additional consultants will be contracted in the next quarter to complete the team with specific expertise (i.e. SEA/EIA, M&E, policy and regulatory framework). The 1st draft of the National REDD Programme is expected to be available in quarter 4.

Output 1.4 – Benefit Distribution Study

As a follow-up to the BDS study, (report is available on <u>http://www.vietnam-redd.org</u> and <u>http://www.un-redd.org</u> and workplace www.unredd.net), a team of consultants have been contracted to address outstanding issues. These consultants will start their assignments in mid July 2010.

The original BDS report has been translated into Vietnamese and is being distributed to Government officials for review. Stakeholder workshops on BDS at national and provincial levels shall be organized to discuss the BDS study.

Output 1.5 – Lessons learnt and Communication

In collaboration with regional UN-REDD office, lessons learnt and experience on REDD+, FPIC consultation and benefit distribution study have been developed and shared with the regional and global stakeholders at Regional FPIC Workshop and Katoomba XVII convened in June, 2010.



Pictures: Participants of the Katoomba meeting visited the UN-REDD Programme Exhibition Booth

Communication materials such as REDD+ films, posters on climate change, REDD, UN-REDD activities, leaflets on FPIC, on UN-REDD, handbook for FPIC interlocutor have been designed, printed and disseminated (please see <u>http://www.vietnam-redd.org</u>). In particular, these products and website design have been shared with countries conducting REDD+ activities in the region such as Indonesia, Cambodia, Myanmar, and Sri Lanka.

UN-REDD communication strategy for Viet Nam has been developed and presented at the PEB meeting in mid July. Currently, the implementation plan is being discussed. Ground work is going to start in early August.

UN-REDD also joined other REDD projects in putting up a display at the Katoomba XVII Meeting in Hanoi in mid-June. UN-REDD information, FPIC film, photo show, posters, leaflets and lessons learnt have been distributed widely to international and local stakeholders.

Outcome 2

Activity 2.1.4 - Conduct Free Prior Informed Consent (FPIC)



Pictures: Some pictures of the local people with UN-REDD Programme's communication materials

As required by UN-REDD globally, FPIC must be conducted before implementing any activities on the ground.

Viet Nam FPIC has been implemented in an 8- step approach from the end of January to mid June.

During FPIC preparation phase in Feb-March, substantial work was done including consultation meetings with local governments as well as Sub-Committee of Ethnic Minority of Lam Dong Province about FPIC process; development of FPIC communication materials (clip and posters) and recruitment of interlocutors.

Within this period, a set of four posters (on Climate change, REDD and UN-REDD VN activities) was developed in five different versions; twenty six interlocutors (including seven K'Ho and one Tay ethnic)

were identified from forty five candidates. All of them are local; four awareness workshops were conducted in Lam Ha and Di Linh for district and communal officials as well as village heads. Nine awareness workshops were further conducted in nine communes of the two pilot districts. Local people as well as local government have paid great attention to UN-REDD programme and look forward to actual implementation in the coming months.

In the implementation phase, seventy eight village consultation meetings were conducted from April to June. Awareness raising events for the commune, district officials as well as village headmen and then followed by village meetings were carried out., Information on CC, REDD, UN-REDD was broadcasted widely on radio waves and television channel. In addition, a group of eight site interlocutors were sent to villages to disseminate the information and talk to villagers about one week before the village consultation meetings.

To effectively handle the village work, trainings for interlocutors were conducted. After each phase, lessons learnt were drawn. In particular, after each phase of the village consultation, the review was conducted to assess, drawn lessons and receive additional training where necessary. These training processes have been documented into a manual for interlocutors to use and share with other country programmes.

In summary, 78 village consultation meetings were held with about 5,474 people participation from 20 communes, of 2 pilot districts of Lam Ha and Di Linh, Lam Dong.

FPIC verification and evaluation was conducted in mid-June and the full report is being circulated for comment.

The Result of FPIC activities in Viet Nam including preliminary findings have also been shared at the FPIC regional workshop held by the UN-REDD Global Programme in Hanoi in June. This experience sharing from PFIC process in Vietnam was appreciated by colleagues from other countries that attended this workshop

A short film on UN-REDD Viet Nam FPIC implementation can be viewed at <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qpXQOOrTXNc</u>

FPIC regional workshop in Hanoi

The UN-REDD Programme, in collaboration with the Asia Indigenous Peoples Pact, with the support of UNDP's Asia and Pacific Regional Indigenous Peoples Program and the UN-REDD Programme in Vietnam, hosted a three-day workshop in Hanoi, from 16-18 June, to begin elaborating on how the principle of free, prior and informed consent (FPIC) should be applied to the activities of the Programme and in the context of readiness and REDD+ more broadly.



Group discussion at the UN-REDD Programme FPIC workshop mid-June in Hanoi, Viet Nam.

This 2nd gathering of Indigenous Peoples' representatives from Asia and the Pacific region brought together over 60 participants from UN-REDD Programme pilot and partner countries, and international civil society organizations, including the Indigenous Peoples' International Centre for Policy Research and Education, Forest Peoples Programme, the Center for International Environmental Law, and The Forests Dialogue, as well as civil society and Indigenous Peoples representatives to the UN-REDD Policy Board from Latin America.

At the workshop, members of the UN-REDD Programme teams in Vietnam and Indonesia presented the efforts that are underway to

implement FPIC in national-level activities. The UN-REDD Programme in Vietnam reported on the

eight-step pilot FPIC process that was implemented in Lam Dong Province in the first half of this year. The presentation was followed by an overview of the initial findings of an independent verification and evaluation of the process conducted by **The Center for People and Forests** (RECOFTC).

Workshop participants then spent two days in working groups, tasked with offering specific guidance to a hypothetical UN-REDD country on how to ensure that the readiness activities implemented by the Programme receive the free, prior and informed consent of Indigenous Peoples where their resources, territories or livelihoods are impacted and how adequate recourse will be provided in cases where their decision is not respected, or FPIC is not properly implemented. The working group recommendations will be consolidated into an initial set of guidelines that will serve as an input to the next regional consultation for Latin America and the Caribbean that will take place in Panama, in late September.

Output 2.2 – Participatory Carbon Monitoring

The recruitment process for the international consultant planned for this output is underway, pending conclusion of the contract. Activities will take place starting mid-July initially by the national consultants. There is need to coordinate the activity at the policy level, with the on-going national forest inventory review process. The two national consultants have been contracted.

Output 2.4. - Awareness Raising at District and Local levels

The communication strategy at the local level is included in the UN-REDD communication strategy for Viet Nam, and it will be under implementation by early August.

Posters, pamphlets, radio programmes, and leaflet (see at the workspace and <u>www.vietnam-redd.org</u>) were developed and distributed to the communes in the two pilot districts during the FPIC process.

Four awareness raising workshops at district and commune levels were conducted in Lam Ha and Di Linh districts. The targeted participants were district, commune officials and village headmen. The workshop focused on disseminating information about CC, REDD and UN-REDD Viet Nam Programme.

Outcome 3

Output 3.1 – Quantification of regional displacement of emissions risk (FAO) and Output 3.3 – Analysis of opportunities for linkages with non-REDD initiatives to reduce cross-border flow of illegal timber

The implementation of this output was approved with conditions by the FAO Lead Technical Officer to implement in time. To best structure and revise the Outputs, taking into account the increased international understanding on the issue of regional emissions leakage, the following revisions are being proposed to the PEB:

Revised scope of work: Output 3.1 "Framework for assessment of regional emissions leakage"; and Output 3.3 "Opportunities identified for non-REDD activities to reduce regional emissions leakage".

Revised annual target: Output 3.1 "Framework for assessment of regional emissions leakage is established and presented including to regional audience". Output 3.3 "Potential partners or working group mechanisms to address non-REDD areas for reducing regional emissions leakage and improved efficiency in timber use are identified and consulted".

3.1.2. Main activities undertaken and achievements: see details in annex 1.

3.1.3. Implementation constraints, lessons learned

The micro-assessment for Viet Nam Directorate of Forestry, MARD is yet to be completed and prevents the application of HACT procedures until end of July.

The Programme Management Unit was short staffed in particular for procurement and finance. These positions were not included in the approved Joint Programme Document and they require time and additional resources

3.1.4. Key partnerships and inter-agency collaboration

Collaboration with GTZ, SNV, FORMIS project and ICRAF have been established and continued during the reporting period on all aspects of the programme. Intensive collaboration with Winrock International has led to UN-REDD involvement in Winrock's regional technical project and workshop on REL and MRV development in Hanoi early May. Contacts have been established with NGOs (ICRAF, IUCN, SNV, FFI, MFF) and CSOs (SRD, CERDA); some of these contacts have led to pledges from these organizations to actively participate in the programme.

Finland has supported the REL development which is an important input for the National REDD Strategy. Key UN-REDD staff have provided advice to the Nordic Agency for Development and Ecology (NORDECO) study team and participated in technical meetings. A visit was paid to the Embassy to discuss Finnish cooperation in a possible Phase II of the UN-REDD Programme.

GTZ has indicated its willingness to contribute to the National REDD Strategy development. GTZ will celebrate its collaboration with Viet Nam in a forestry congress, to be held early September; UN-REDD will actively contribute to this congress. GTZ has invited the Technical Specialist to elaborate the REDD programme and potential for integrating elements of REDD in current GTZ-sponsored projects, as well as for integrating REDD into the new GTZ-Viet Nam strategy which will form the basis of the new GTZ forestry programme, as of 2011. The UN-REDD Programme will organize a study tour to the Kien Giang Biosphere project to study the particular issues related to mangrove and peat land restoration and carbon assessment.

IV. FUTURE WORKPLAN

IV.1. Key activities in the last six months of 2010

- 1. Strengthening national coordination mechanism.
- 2. Development of training materials for RELs and establishment of sub-national REL. (Central-highlands)
- 3. Development of Framework National REDD Strategy.
- 4. Finalization of benefit distribution system
- 5. Support local government in development of district-level forest land-use plan mainstreaming REDD potential (period 2010-2020).
- 6. Development of Participatory C-stock monitoring system.
- 7. Implementation of awareness activities at district and local levels.
- 8. Organizing awareness raising events/trainings for government officials, journalists, and general public.
- 9. Packaging lessons learned into information materials and development of communication materials.
- 10. Report of quantification of regional "displacement of emissions" risk and Regional Dialogue on "displacement of emissions" risk.

V. FINANCIAL IMPLEMENTATION

Participating UN Org.	Total Transferred Up to 30 June 2010	Cumulative Up to 30 June 2010 ACTUALS	
		Commitments	Disbursements
FAO	\$1,690,814		\$75,014
UNDP	\$2,501,128		\$718,431
UNEP	\$192,814		\$146,697
Total	\$4,384,756		\$940,142

Annex I: Assessment of the Programme Progress against the Targets

Expected Output and Monitoring Activities	Key Activities	Progress
1.1. National coordination mechanism	1.1.1. Conduct need assessment for coordination of REDD implementation at all levels	This has been delayed due to the recent new establishment of the Viet Nam Directorate of Forestry, the national focal agency on REDD.
	1.1.2. Support monthly technical working group meetings	Report on reviewing all relevant methodologies on REL and RL completed in early April. The working group members have discussed and selected a tentative methodology to develop an interim REL for Viet Nam. The TWG met on one occasion. The sub-TWG on REL/MRV meets once as well.
	1.1.3. Support quarterly REDD network meetings	The network has been actively operated.
	1.1.4. Organize 1 study tours for the network members to GTZ Kien Giang Biosphere Reserve Project (*)	Rescheduled to 02-06 August, due to Oslo Conference
	1.1.5. Support MARD team to attend international meetings on REDD abroad (follow-up COP15 and COP16) in Bonn	Oslo REDD Conference was attended, delegation led by Vice-Minister Hua Duc Nhi
	1.1.6. Develop Vietnam REDD/UN-REDD Website	To end of June, the website of Viet Nam REDD has been successfully developed and live test launched.

Outcome 1: Improved institutional and technical capacity for national coordination to manage REDD activities in Viet Nam

Expected Output and Monitoring Activities	Key Activities	Progress
1.2.RELs / RL	1.2.1. Review of methodologies for establishing RELs/RLs and Reference Scenarios and selection of a suitable method for Viet Nam's circumstance (on going from Q 4 2009)	International consultancy completed with submission of a final report. The report will be shared with larger stakeholders for further discussion. Revision of Output is being proposed (see above sections.)
	1.2.5. Support Vietnamese Technical Experts to attend international Trainings	Two DoF officials have sponsors to attend the International Seminar on REDD from 10 to 12 of March 2010 in Tokyo in Japan. The Seminar focuses on overview of global deforestation (historical trend, underlying causes and latest figures), current status and outcomes of REDD negotiations under UNFCCC and Viet Nam representatives presented to the audiences on the progress of activities since COP 13 meeting and briefing on the progress of UN-REDD Programme. Four staff attended FAO/GEO workshop in Mexico Three staff attended GOFC-GOLD REDD Sourcebook conference in Canada (early July)
	1.2.6. Develop of training materials and organization of trainings for technical staff of key Government of Vietnam agencies at national and sub-national levels in analysis and formulation of RELs/RL scenario	
	1.2.8. Analysis of trend and drivers of deforestation and degradation, and recommendations for countermeasures	FCPF R-PP drafting consultant has provided a report on drivers of deforestation which will be taken as point of departure.

Expected Output and Monitoring Activities	Key Activities	Progress
1.3. Framework National REDD Programme	1.3.1. Review of existing international proposals and national policies for a National REDD Strategy	Review (1.3.1) was completed.
	 1.3.2 Review of relevant land-use and forest policies and governance 1.3.2. Formulation of the structure of the National REDD Strategy 1.3.3. Design of contents and Identification of information requirements to complete each component/element 1.3.4. Compiling those components/elements for which information requirements are already met 1.3.5. Preparation of a plan to fill information gaps and/or to generate additional information 1.3.6 Assessment of environment and socio-economic impact (SEA) 1.3.7. Preparation for the implementation framework of the National REDD Strategy (including technical and financial options) 1.3.8. Design a monitoring system for the implementation of the National REDD Strategy (including forest-carbon stock, emission, removals, benefit and impacts) 	A team of three consultants has been recruited. Activities to start 15 July and last until early 2011. Five more consultants will be recruited in Q3 to complete the team.

Expected Output and Monitoring Activities	Key Activities	Progress
	1.3.9. Development of concept notes for implementation of different REDD-related components/projects to achieve the NTP RCC	Completed. Five different concept notes have been developed.
1.4. Performance- based, transparent benefit sharing	1.4.1. Improve BDS & translate the documents into Vietnamese	The translation of BDS has completed.
payment system from national to local levels	1.4.2. Meeting with key persons within MARD and with selected ministries to present/brief about the BDS	This has been delayed to Q3 due to the unavailability of Vietnamese translation of BDS study
	1.4.5 Undertake follow-up work (research, analysis, evaluation) to refine and improve policy recommendations and prepare the basis for policy implementation	Recruitment procedure completed. Consultants start working in July.
1.5. Communications materials for sharing lessons internationally	1.5.1 Identification of lessons likely to be of relevance internationally (from FPIC process)	Lessons learnt and experience on REDD+, FPIC consultation and benefit distribution study have been developed and shared with the regional and global stakeholders at Regional FPIC Workshop and Katoomba XVII convened in June, 2010.
Internationally		Communication materials such as REDD+ films, poster on CC, REDD, UN-REDD activities, leaflets on FPIC, on UN-REDD, handbook for FPIC interlocutor have been designed, printed and disseminated. These products and website design have been shared with countries which conducting REDD+ activities in the region such as Indonesia, Cambodia, Myanmar, and Sri Lanka.
		UN-REDD communication strategy has been developed and presented at

Expected Output and Monitoring Activities	Key Activities	Progress
		the PEB meeting in mid July. Currently, the implementation plan is being discussed. Ground work is going to start in early August by a number of activities.
Outcome 2: Improve	ed Capacity to manage REDD and provide of	other Payment for Ecological Services at district
2.1. District-level forest land-use plan mainstreaming	2.1.1. Establishment of historical and current land-use maps	Term of reference has to be reviewed based on inputs from province. Geographic scope will be reduced to the two pilot districts (Di Linh, Lam Ha)
REDD potential	Assessment of causes and trends in deforestation and forest degradation	Bidding is underway. Result of tender expected in August.
	Mapping of at risk forest and "REDD- priority" forest areas	Recruitment is underway.
	2.1.2. Analysis on opportunity cost	Recruitment is underway.
	2.1.4 Conduct FPIC	Completed with 78 village meetings in 20 communes with 5,474 people participation during January-June
	2.1.5. Preparation of district land-use plans	Delayed a bit. The revised proposal from Department of Agriculture and Rural Development of Lam Dong Province is expected
	2.1.6. Provision of technical guidance and monitoring progress of subcontracts	Not yet start.
	2.1.10. Support for the preparation of provincial forest development plan for period from 2010-2020	Letter of agreement to be signed in early July.

Expected Output and Monitoring Activities	Key Activities	Progress
	2.1.11. Establishment of district REDD team	Provincial People's Committee of Lam Dong Province has establish REDD working group at provincial level consisting of representative of DARD, DPI, DONRE, Sub-CEM, 2 DPCs and Forest Protection Units. However, more details of working agenda of provincial REDD working group need to be identified.
2.2. Participatory C- stock monitoring system	 2.2.1. Review current national forest monitoring methods/systems and assess practicality of existing methodologies to local conditions 2.2.2.Modify existing FI methods/systems to establish a suitable participatory forest C stock monitoring methods 2.2.3. Test and finalize the designed participatory monitoring methods/systems 	National consultants have been recruited and started delivering on tasks.
2.4. Awareness raising at district and local levels	2.4.1 Assessment of awareness-raising needs, groups and opportunities	It has been completed. Communication strategy developed and put into implementation early August
	2.4.2 Preparation of awareness-raising materials such as posters, pamphlets, radio programmes, etc.)	Posters, pamphlets, radio programmes, leaflet as well as many other communications have been developed during FPIC process.
	2.4.3 Organization of awareness raising events (through FPIC activities)	4 awareness raising workshops at district level and 9 at commune level have been conducted in Lam Ha and Di Linh districts.
		The targeted participants were district, commune officials and village headmen. The workshop focus on disseminate information about CC,

Expected Output and Monitoring Activities	Key Activities	Progress
		REDD and UN-REDD Viet Nam Programme.
		5,474 villagers through 78 village consultation meetings of 20 communes have been raised awareness on CC, REDD, UN-REDD planned activities
Outcome 3: Improve	ed knowledge of approaches to reduce region	nal displacement of leakage
3.1 Quantification of regional displacement of emissions risk	3.1.1-3.1.3 Compilation of existing data, including that being generated from on- going initiatives; analysis of status and trends; identification of areas of uncertainty - Carryout the above through a review of displacement calculation based on approach used by P Meyfroidt and E Lambin (2008)	Internal discussion with PMU and other UN-REDD proponents is under way, to best structure this Output, with increased international understanding on the issue of regional emissions leakage. Revision of Output is being proposed (see above sections.)
3.3 Analysis of opportunities for linkages with non- REDD to reduce displacement of emissions risk	 3.3.1 Review of FLEGT and identification of gaps; and 3.3.2 Analysis of strengths and weaknesses of REDD in addressing regional displacement of emissions Carry out preparatory discussions only 	Same as above. Revision of Output is being proposed (see above sections.)
Programme Management	Annual audit	2009 audit on UNDP expenditures conducted with no qualified observation.
		Micro-assessment exercise conducted and final report available with good result.