

Sustainable Livestock and Forests in Latin America and the Caribbean

Sustainable livestock models can contribute to climate change mitigation, protection of forests and biodiversity, and better use of water and soils.

Some basic principles of sustainable livestock



Promote productivity improvements to reduce the intensity of livestock emission through better feeding, genetics, health and animal

husbandry



Soil carbon management through landscape restoration and improved grazing practices



Integration of livestock into the circular bio-economy



The region's potential to **reduce emissions** from the livestock sector would be **up to 30%.**



Of the global livestock production, about 23% is in Latin America



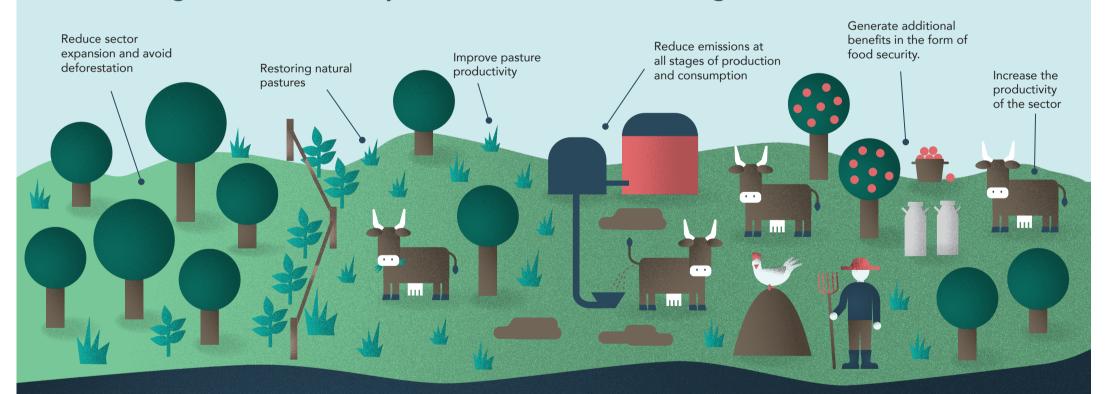
Livestock contributes

to about 18% of the greenhouse gases that contribute

to climate change

In the Amazon, about 70% of previously forested land has been redeployed for pasture.

These mitigation areas can help the livestock sector in the region



How to promote the transition to a sustainable livestock model?



1. Create policies, measures and actions to improve the environmental performance of the sector.



2. Facilitate access to sources of financing to improve the sustainability of the sector..



3. Promote the participation of small producers in the processes of change towards sustainable production models.



4. Enhance the capacities of
producer
organizations



5. Increase access
to improved
technologies and
better
production
models



6. Improve market entry by recognizing sustainable and deforestation-free products



7. Promote the transfer of knowledge through the creation of discussion spaces or exchange platforms