

# REDD readiness MRV Progress

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#### Outline

- 1. Scope of MRV/Monitoring for REDD
- 2. Long-term Institutional needs
- Global remote sensing data now for all
- 4. Support to National MRV

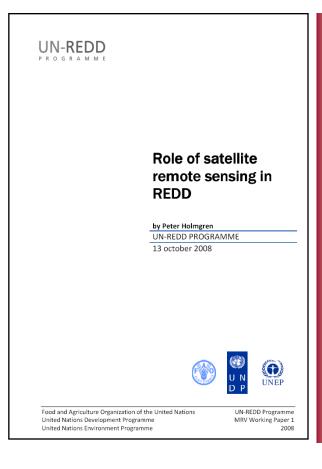


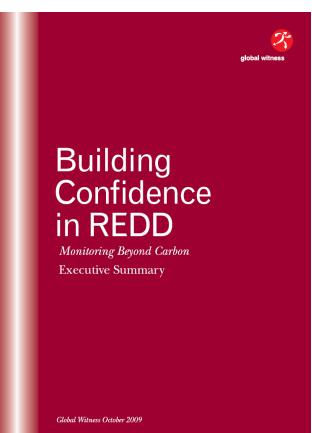
#### UN-REDD delivers on MRV for REDD

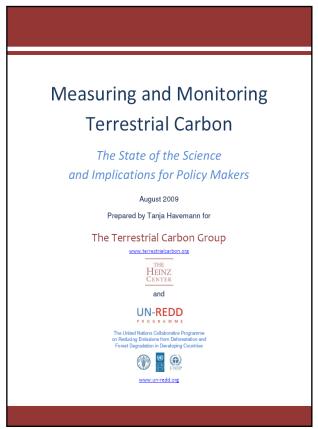
- at Country level
- at International/Global level
- with Partners
- through Normative role
- through Implementation on the ground



## Some MRV outputs









#### 1. Scope of MRV/Monitoring for REDD

#### **MRV/Monitoring**

Safeguards – Social, Environmental, Governance

**Drivers** 

Actions to avoid Leakage **C-MRV** 

Carbon emissions -> accounting

Address nonpermanence

Multiple benefits

Consistency with other goals – Social, Environmental

#### Success Factors

Robustness

Transparency

Stakeholder engagement

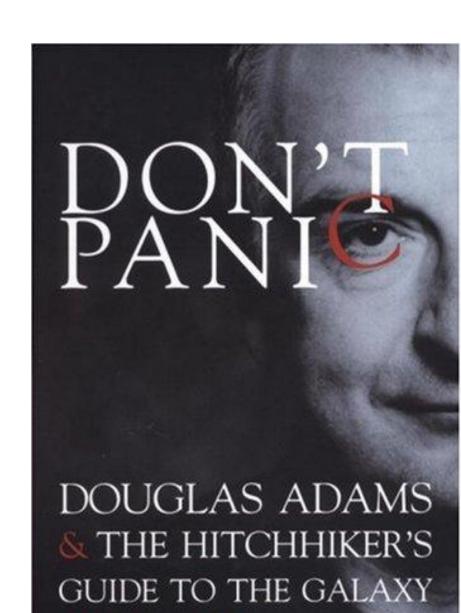
Feedback loops

Integration with other monitoring needs

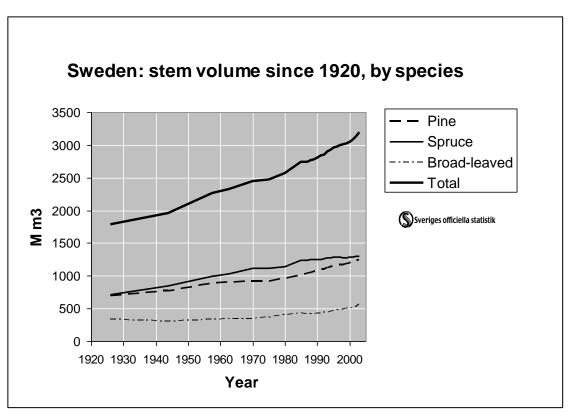


#### Don't Panic!

- Cost-effective methods are available
- Experience is around
- No need for detailed decisions now
- Give the process time
- Phased approach



## 2. Long-term Institutional needs





All C pools...

## 3. Global Remote Sensing Data

Needed for detecting change (Activity data)

Should be

Free (part of infrastructure, accessible to all)

Frequent (draw from available satellite systems)

Useful (standardized deliverables, ready-to-use)

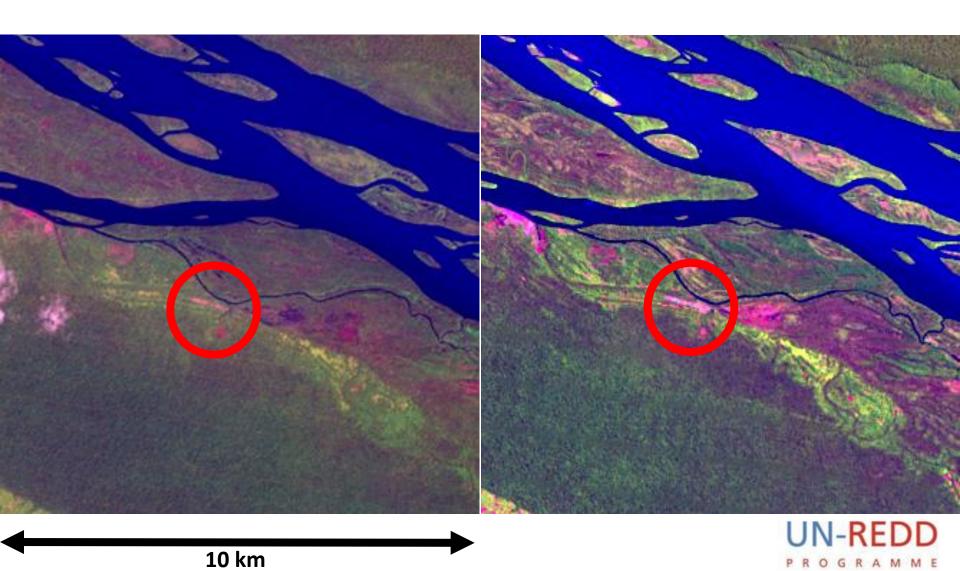
- Framework for data now launched by FAO
  - Designed for Global Forest Resources Assessments
  - Can also serve national monitoring
  - Included in UN-REDD Country Programmes



### Global 1x1 degree grid (13 000 sites)



# DRC 1990 - 2005



# 1991 - 2002



## 4. Support to National MRV

- Key for Country Programmes -> Readiness
- UN-REDD engages country teams
  - e.g. meeting of country experts 10-11 Sep
- In-country consultations
- Development of practical options
  - building on IPCC GPG

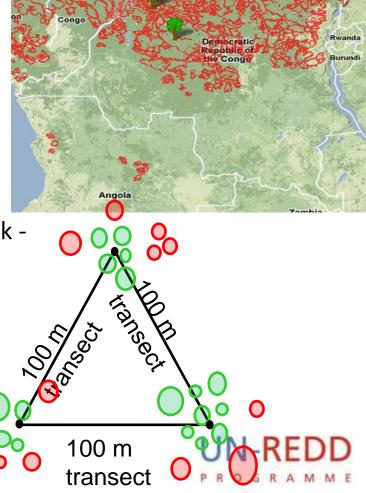


#### DRC: UN-REDD country programme case

- A proposal for a NFI in DRC:
  - Phase I: Planning,
    - Institutional arrangements,
    - Stakeholder engagement
    - Remote sensing / Stratification;
    - Preliminary design
      - Carbon
      - Multiple benefits

Phase II: Preliminary sampling, Field work > Final design;

Phase III: Field work, Socio-economic survey, Reporting



## Proposal for C-MRV for REDD+

Proposal for a National Carbon Monitoring System for REDD+

#### **MODULE 1:**

**Background issues** 

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**Lesson learned** 

- UNFCCC reporting requirements
- Legal requirements,
- Definitions system under UNFCCC
- etc.
- Review of National GHGs inventories (Annex I countries and EU)
- Summary tables for comparison and evaluation of the processes and their progress (i.e. are the countries moving forwards? Which are the main difficulties encountered in reporting? Which were or are the most difficult data to collect? Etc.)

#### **MODULE 2:**

Systems for data input

- Guidelines on NFI (National Forest Inventory)
- Guidelines on RS land monitoring system to assess activity data



### Some partners

- UN-REDD Programme (FAO, UNDP, UNEP)
- UN-REDD countries
- UNFCCC Secretariat
- Brazil INPE
- EPA and FIA (USA)
- ITTO REDDES

- GTZ
- GOFC-GOLD
- GEO FCT
- Terrestrial Carbon Group
- Google
- Coalition for Rainforest Nations (CfRN)
- WB FCPF
- Australia



## Concluding thoughts about MRV

- MRV scope is broad
- Need for guidance on national MRV options
- Science based and developed with proven methodologies
- Take in consideration national circumstances and developments
- Stakeholder engagement
- Robust and Transparent
- Don't Panic!

